

THE PHILIPPINES WAR.

Battles With the Insurgents in the Province of Cavite.

THE REBELS RETREAT, AS USUAL

General Schwan's Column Steadily Advancing on San Francisco de Malabon, the Insurgent Stronghold in the Province of Cavite.

Manila, Oct. 10.—Yesterday afternoon a body of insurgents was seen near Laluna church, four miles from the heart of Manila. They opened fire, the bullets falling among the tents of the Twenty-fifth infantry.

The Americans named the trenches and replied at a range of 1,200 yards. The insurgents volleyed and the Americans replied.

The fight lasted an hour, after which the insurgents retreated. One American was wounded.

General Schwan's column, consisting of the Thirteenth infantry, a battalion of the Fourteenth infantry, two troops of cavalry, Captain Riley's battery of the Fifth artillery and Lewis's scouts, continued the advance towards San Francisco de Malabon, meeting with little resistance and suffering no casualties. The enemy fell back steadily.

The Americans camped last night within sight of San Francisco de Malabon, the stronghold of the insurgents in the province of Cavite, where the Filipinos are said to number 5,000.

During the march from Novleta to Rosario only a few shots were fired. This large coast town was literally

filled with white flags. The Americans captured 200 or 300 men, many of the Filipinos changing their white costumes for the Bay of Rosario was filled with hundreds of boats, in which the people had spent an exciting night.

An expedition composed of the United States gunboats Calumet and Helena, with an armor plate boat and steam pump, or Belts, which empties into Manila bay, on the north side, with a view of raising the Spanish river without Axt, purposely sunk in the river by the Spaniards, which is reported to be in good condition. The United States gunboat Helena, with a body of marines from the Baltimore preceded the expedition to make soundings at the mouth of the river.

On Sunday General Schwan's column occupied Cavite Viejo and Novleta after skirmishes with the rebels in which the American forces sustained considerable losses. Marines assisted in the fighting, wading through water to their shoulders and capturing the rebels' sand forts.

THE INGHAM-NEWITT TRIAL.

Former Federal Officials Charged With Conspiracy and Attempted to Kill President McKinley.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—The United States District Attorney Ellery P. Ingham and his former first assistant, Harvey K. Newitt, were arraigned for trial yesterday before Judge McPherson, in the United States district court, on charges of conspiracy to make counterfeit internal revenue stamps and to bribe United States officials. Both the defendants pleaded not guilty, and the work of securing a jury was finished in 20 minutes. The jury chosen is as follows: John A. Daly, Sr., gentleman, Philadelphia; Alfred Douden, lumber, Dauphin county; Charles G. Ellicker, contractor, York county; James B. Funk, miller, Berks county; George Gehman, merchant, Berks county; C. Y. Kleintz, musician, Carbon county; Isaac L. Long, storekeeper, Perry county; George W. Moore, coal and feed, Delaware county; Mickel C. Paul, shoe merchant, Philadelphia; Horace T. Potts, iron merchant, Philadelphia; S. John Pyle, merchant, Chester county; Samuel W. Wray, accountant, Philadelphia.

The only witness introduced yesterday was William L. Kendig, who testified that he had seen the defendants in connection with the conspiracy to make counterfeit stamps. Kendig gave a broader account than he did before United States Commissioner Edmunds, making a "clean breast" of the whole case.

After disposing of the Newitt and Ingham cases the government will call upon the cases of William M. Jacobs and William L. Kendig, cigar manufacturers, of Lancaster, and James Burns, a foreman in Jacobs' Berks county, charged with procuring the making of an enormous quantity of internal revenue stamps, which they used on cigar boxes; Samuel L. Downey, former deputy collector of internal revenue for the Lancaster district, who is charged with accepting bribes from Jacobs and Kendig, and Arthur Taylor and Baldwin S. Bredell, engravers, charged with making the plates for the counterfeit notes and stamps.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.

To Open at Philadelphia's Export Exposition on Thursday Next.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—The international commercial congress, composed of delegates from most of the civilized governments of the world and representatives from the most important chambers of commerce of all trade centers, will convene in the Auditorium of the National Export exposition here on Thursday next.

Assistant Secretary of State David J. Hill will preside at the opening ceremonies and deliver an address of welcome. The diplomatic corps and several cabinet officials will accompany Mr. Hill. Addresses will also be delivered by Mayor Ashbridge, President Charles H. Cramp, of the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, and Director Wilson, of the exposition. President McKinley will send a message.

Among the delegates at the opening of the congress will be a large number of representatives from Spain, and one of the most interesting figures among the delegates will be the president of the chamber of commerce of Manila.

Impressed For Cheating at Cards.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—Count Egloffstein, a prominent member of the Club der Harmonien, the trial of certain members of which on charges of gambling at the club was begun on Oct. 3, was yesterday sentenced to nine months imprisonment for cheating at cards.

Signal Corps From Manila.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—The United States transport Newport arrived last night, 33 days from Manila. She has 165 members of the volunteer signal corps aboard and 13 civilians.

GENERAL SOUTHERN NEWS.

Marion, Ala., Oct. 7.—Wiley Wyatt, colored, charged with the murder of a negro at Uniontown, and Jeff Allen, colored, convicted of murdering Pete Mundia, colored, and sentenced to hang, escaped from jail yesterday morning. The sheriff is following them with dogs.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 7.—Mr. James J. Evans and his 16-year-old daughter were returning from prayer meeting at Lakeland they were run over by an engine in the yard of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad. Mr. Evans' legs were severed above and below the knee and his skull fractured. She died from her injuries.

Mayville, Ky., Oct. 7.—Mrs. James Lashbrook, wife of a well-to-do farmer and a member of one of the best families in this county, was ravaged and murdered at her home at Clark's Station, six miles from this city. After the outrage her assailant secured a club and beat out the woman's brains. Richard Coleman, a young negro who is under arrest, has confessed his guilt.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 10.—C. M. Gardner, editor and publisher of Our Sunny Land, of Miami, was killed at West Palm Beach yesterday by Marcus Frank, manager of a store there. Mr. Gardner, who was shot in the head, died instantly. He was on his way to work, and became involved in a quarrel with Frank regarding the publication in Gardner's paper of an article in which Frank's mother was mentioned. The slaver was arrested.

Jacksonville, Oct. 9.—The naphtha launch Idlewild, belonging to Alexander Uedemann and his brother, exploded near Mayport, at the mouth of the St. John's river, at 7 o'clock last night and catching fire was totally destroyed. Alexander Uedemann is missing and is supposed to have been drowned. Will White, one of the party, was badly burned about the face and head. Ed Uedemann also was burned.

Norfolk, Oct. 6.—The British steamship Rhodesia, Captain Bates, from New Orleans to Hamburg, arrived at Lambert's Point yesterday, having on board the crew of the schooner Carrie A. Lane, of Bath, Me., who were picked up in the gulf stream, shipwrecked, Tuesday. The crew is composed of Captain J. Frank Stoddard, who was with him, and eight men. Their experience was a most thrilling one.

Knoxville, Oct. 5.—Two masked burglars yesterday entered the residence of C. A. Tralman, and after chloroforming his sister, Mrs. Kimbrough, and his brother, who was in the room where Tralman, who is treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, had several hundred dollars concealed. They searched some time for it, but Mrs. Kimbrough hid the money in the larger part, which they did not discover. The woman is in a precarious condition, and it is feared she will die from the effects of the drug. The police have put bloodhounds on the trail.

Columbus, Ga., Oct. 7.—At an early hour in the morning a hackman drove up to the home of T. W. Bates, cashier of the Merchants and Mechanics' bank, and delivered a note signed by the chief of police, Wiley Williams, asking Mr. Bates to come to the bank at once, as the chief had discovered a plot to rob the institution. Mr. Bates, fearing it was a scheme to entrap him, declined to go to the bank. He sent the note to the chief of police an hour later, and the latter pronounced it a forgery. The hackman is under arrest. He says the note was given him by a shabbily dressed man in front of a saloon.

Thomasville, Ga., Oct. 4.—Colonel A. L. Haves, lawyer, and solicitor for Bainbridge, was assaulted and shot here yesterday by W. H. Hammond, another lawyer. The difficulty grew from the argument of a case before Judge Hames of the superior court, which was a technical matter. Hammond, father of the man who shot him, was the superior court judge. During the course of the argument Colonel Haves charged as untrue a statement made by Captain Hammond. They had some words and blows with walking canes outside the court room, but were separated. The shooting took place later. Colonel Haves may not survive.

Owensville, Ky., Oct. 5.—The trial of Dr. J. W. Smith on a charge of killing Henry Craig near Carrington, this county, 22 years ago, resulted last night in an acquittal. Smith and Craig were intimate friends when, in 1877, they fell in love with a mountaineer's daughter. Soon after Craig was found beside a lonely path, stabbed to death. Smith fled, and after working as a farm laborer in Indiana, Illinois and Missouri married a wealthy widow, who sent him to college, after which he became a physician. After several years trouble appeared in the Smith household, and Mrs. Smith came to Kentucky, looked up an indictment which had been found in 1877 and had Dr. Smith brought for trial.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 5.—The charge of taking the baptismal garments of a young lady from the line of a back yard and festooning the front of her house with them was preferred against half a dozen young men in the police court today. Mr. Goodman, the father of the lady, explained in his testimony that his daughter was baptized Sunday night, and after her return home hung the garments on a line in the yard. The young men accused, a father declared, removed the wearing apparel from the line and festooned the front of his house with them. This disposition of the wearing apparel gave the residents accounts and a strange appearance that attracted the attention of the neighborhood and all passers by.

Gorman's Claim Against Germany.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Ferdinand Holzendorf, aged 61 years, a native of Germany, but for some years an American citizen, arrived here yesterday to lay before the state department an indemnity claim against the German government. The basis of his claim is his alleged illegal detention in an insane asylum in Berlin for over 15 months. His imprisonment occurred after he had taken out naturalization papers in the United States. He appeared before the police officials in Berlin, he asserts, to set up a claim for a previous incarceration in an insane asylum on the charge of lese majeste, and was promptly sent to another asylum. It is for this second incarceration he makes his claim.

Captain Carter Pays His Fine.

New York, Oct. 10.—Captain Oberlin M. Carter, the disgraced army officer, has paid the fine of \$5,000 imposed by the court martial. His check for that amount was sent to United States District Attorney Barnett. Mr. Rose, of Carter's counsel, has been called to Savannah, and Judge Lacombe has therefore extended the time for submission of briefs in the habeas corpus proceedings until next Saturday. The writ was obtained by Mr. Rose in an endeavor to save his client from the additional punishment of imprisonment for five years in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Amateur of Afghanistan Insane.

London, Oct. 10.—The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent writes that a Russian agent, Abdul Rahman Khan, amir of Afghanistan, as insane and likely to provoke a conflict between Russia and England. These accounts say the amir is sanctioning brutal executions and the torturing of officials daily, and that his actions are resulting in a general exodus.

MANY ENMITY QUESTS.

At Chicago's Festival Banquet the Auditorium.

TRIBUTE OF SECRETARY LONG

To the Many Unknown Heroes of the War—The Work of Walnwright and the Gloucester Commended—Premier Laurier's Friendly Speech.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Chicago's great Auditorium never held a greater gathering than last night, when the Chicago day banquet was held within its walls under the auspices of the full festival committee. The great stage, upon which 1,000 people can easily find standing room, had been covered with a great floor built out over the seats of the parquet, quadrupling the floor space of the stage. President McKinley was the guest of honor, sat at a raised table on the right of Melville E. Stone, the toastmaster.

Other distinguished guests were at the same table, among them being Vice President Don Ignacio Mariscal of Mexico, Premier Wilfrid Laurier of Canada, General John C. Black, Governor John R. Tanner, Mayor Carter H. Harrison, Sen. Manuel de Aspiroz, Secretaries Hay, Gage, Smith, Long, Hitchcock and Wilson, Attorney General Griggs, Generals David B. Henderson, Merritt, Anderson and Alger, Carl Dentzer, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, minister to Brazil, Charles Page Bryan, W. T. Buchanan, Japanese minister, Sen. Komura and Secretaries Mason, Allison, McMillan, McNery, Penrose and Cullom.

The opening hour of the banquet was set for 6 o'clock, but the streets were so packed with people that the hour had to be postponed. The guests who had come down to witness the laying of the corner stone of the new federal building and the afternoon parade and remained in great part to see the parade of the evening that it was with difficulty one could make his way along the streets, and as a consequence it was nearly an hour later than that originally set when the banquet was in full blast.

The material part of the banquet occupied two hours and it was nearly 10 o'clock when Mr. Stone rapped for order, and brought the intellectual portion of the program to the front in an eloquent address. He was followed by Governor Tanner, Mayor Harrison, Sen. J. F. Smith, Sen. J. C. Black, Premier Laurier of Canada, Vice President Mariscal of Mexico, Secretary Long, D. B. Henderson and General Thomas M. Anderson.

Secretary Long evoked the loudest applause by his tribute to the unknown heroes. He said in part:

"You cheer for the men behind the guns; you give swords and laurels here and there to an admiral and both most richly deserved. But the line there are individuals whose names never come to our ears, or if so, are already half forgotten, who have earned the unfading laurels. No man in the navy has rendered such service, however great, that others were not ready to fill the place and do as well. The navy is full of heroes unknown to fame. Who repeats the names of the young officers who played the hero's part, and the latter pronounced it a forgery. The hackman is under arrest. He says the note was given him by a shabbily dressed man in front of a saloon.

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A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Wednesday, Oct. 4.

General Velutini has left New York with a party of 500 men to join the revolutionists in Venezuela.

M. Grosjean, judge of the Versailles (France) court, has been arrested in connection with the Deroulede conspiracy.

Two masked men held up a stage near Ouyay, Colo., but failed to find \$12,000 in gold which was secreted in the vehicle.

Mrs. Lucy Shea, of Brooklyn, captured a burglar in the cellar of her house after a hard fight and turned him over to the police.

John O'Melveny, chief engineer of the Oregon Short Line railway, was shot dead at Salt Lake City by Captain F. M. Mills, ex-lieutenant governor of Idaho.

The Jewish vote voted to Admiral Dewey was formally presented by the president at Washington yesterday. There was a monster parade, led by the Jewish community, and the celebration was a remarkable one.

Thursday, Oct. 5.

The Dewey home fund to date amounts to \$49,281.

Jimmy Logue, the notorious convict, died in Philadelphia's almshouse.

Marza Townsend, 20 years old, a parachute jumper, fell 1,000 feet from the top of the Washington monument.

Ex-President Harrison's fee as chief of justice for Venezuela before the Paris tribunal is said to be \$250,000.

Fire losses in the United States and Canada in September aggregated \$12,778,000, over \$10,000,000 more than in September, 1898.

Governor Mount, of Indiana, and staff took leave to Texas a battle flag captured from a Texas regiment during the civil war, the ceremonies taking place in Dallas.

Friday, Oct. 6.

The admissions to the National Export exposition at Philadelphia yesterday numbered 21,923.

James Harlan, ex-United States senator and secretary of the interior in Lincoln's cabinet, died at Des Moines, aged 73.

Admiral Dewey is believed to have recommended the dispatch of more troops as well as more ships to the Philippines.

A widow of a Pawnee chief in Oklahoma committed suicide shortly after her husband's death because he gave away their child in disposing of his personal property.

The Mallory line steamer Leona caught fire in New York with fire in hold, and was sunk before the firemen could subdue the flames. Loss, \$300,000.

Saturday, Oct. 7.

Of 350 miles sent to the Philippines on the transport Siam all but 19 were killed in the typhoon.

A Hawaiian native who went to visit his wife's tribe in the New Hebrides was captured, roasted and eaten.

Admiral Dewey has decided to accept the home in Washington submitted by him for the purpose of receiving the new months ending Sept. 30 a round number total of 2,700 miles of new railroad were laid in the United States.

Bishop Potter, of New York, it is said, is preparing for a trip to the Philippines in company with Rev. Percy S. Grant.

The estimates for the entire naval establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, aggregate \$73,045,103, of which \$1,395,092 is for League Island.

The third steamer for this week of Columbia and Shamrock to sail for the America's cup ended today in a third failure to cover the course in the time limit.

THE BRITISH POLICY

In South Africa May Meet Radical Opposition in Parliament.

ONLY FIVE THOUSAND RESERVES

Will Be Retained With the Colors—The Authorities Have Contracted For Eight Months' Supply of Bread and Other Military Requisites.

London, Oct. 10.—The death of news since yesterday afternoon from the Cape, on which all attention has been fixed, is poorly compensated for by the mass of minor details published concerning the preparations for the dispatch of the army corps and speculation as to the length and character of the South African campaign.

In official circles there is said to be apprehension that the radicals will offer protracted opposition to the government's policy in South Africa, which will possibly make prorogation and Christmas near neighbors.

Lord Salisbury's whip to the lords, issued last night, says parliament will deal with matters of grave moment.

The latest dispatch from Lourenzo Marques, relating to the chasing of the steamer Guephry by the cruiser Philomel, caused some stir, especially as it was announced that the Guephry had landed at Durban 414 cases of ammunition for the Boers. There is a pretty general feeling that ammunition ought not to be allowed to be forwarded.

Some indication of the war office estimate of the duration of the campaign is given by the fact that the authorities have contracted for bread and other military requisites rendered necessary by the absence of the bulk of the army service corps, whom the war office thus evidently calculates will be at home again by the beginning of May.

It appears that although the war office called up 25,000 reservists, only the pick of them, some 5,000, will be retained with the colors. The authorities are pleased at the application of a number of reservists, and at the fact that the unutilized classes who are volunteering for foreign service. The war office announces that wives of reservists will get six pence and each child two pence daily while the husband is away, and fathers are retained with the colors.

The scarcity of news from South Africa appears to be due to a heavy block on the telegraph lines, which may mean that the lines are occupied by official dispatches, and that the news being actively carried on.

From Durban it is announced that no code messages will be accepted for any part of South Africa without the production of the codes.

Advices from Pretoria say the Netherlands railway management agents that over 800 carriages and trucks belonging to the Transvaal are now in the British colony. According to these advices the burghers are still waiting for the railway to be opened.

It is estimated that 13,000 are now concentrated there. They are becoming very much dissatisfied because of their inactivity, and heavy rains and bitterly cold weather render the conditions very trying for horses and men.

President Kruger, in the course of an interview yesterday, said he regarded the situation as very grave, and considered it very difficult to predict the future. The landing of British reinforcements in Natal, he said, did not trouble him, as he had full faith in the Almaghry.

President Kruger is celebrating his 75th birthday today.

CORNELLUS VANDERBILT'S WILL.

It Will Give His Two Eldest Sons Over \$50,000,000 Apiece.

New York, Oct. 10.—The Tribune says: A close friend of the Vanderbilt family yesterday made the following prediction as to what the contents of the will of Cornelius Vanderbilt would prove to be: "Mrs. Vanderbilt will get the Fifth avenue residence and the 'Breakers' at Newport for life, and an income of \$500,000 a year to keep them up. These houses and the income allotted to Mrs. Vanderbilt will at her death pass to the third son, Reginald. The five children will receive \$10,000,000 apiece, and the residue of the estate will be divided into two equal parts, one of which will be given to Cornelius and the other to Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt. Mr. Vanderbilt was, I think, far richer than he was popularly supposed to be, and I believe the shares of his two oldest sons will be over \$50,000,000 apiece."

Dewey Accepts a Home.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Admiral Dewey has elected to accept a house in Washington, already constructed, instead of having one built for his occupation. At the same time the navy department yesterday he frankly expressed his gratification at the tender, which he immediately accepted. He said had the proposed house been the gift of a few wealthy men, he would not have been so much pleased. But he noted that the fund had over 43,000 subscribers indicating that the home was to be really the gift of the American people, and as such he would accept it with as much pleasure as he could bestow upon him by congress.

Olympia Is Going Out of Commission.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The Olympia has sailed from New York for Boston, where she is to go out of commission. The Marblehead has arrived at San Francisco, the Uncas has sailed from Beaufort for San Juan, and the Albatross has sailed from Fort Monroe for New York for slight repairs preparatory to sailing for Manila.

Two Regiments Fully Recruited.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Ten of the volunteer regiments last called out have been recruited to their full quota of men, and will be immediately prepared for transportation to the Philippines. Recruiting will be continued for the two colored regiments, and it is expected that they will be fully organized during the present week.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—Flour weak; winter superfine, \$2.25; Pennsylvania, \$2.20; No. 1, \$2.15; No. 2, \$2.10; No. 3, \$2.05; No. 4, \$2.00; No. 5, \$1.95; No. 6, \$1.90; No. 7, \$1.85; No. 8, \$1.80; No. 9, \$1.75; No. 10, \$1.70; No. 11, \$1.65; No. 12, \$1.60; No. 13, \$1.55; No. 14, \$1.50; No. 15, \$1.45; No. 16, \$1.40; No. 17, \$1.35; No. 18, \$1.30; No. 19, \$1.25; No. 20, \$1.20; No. 21, \$1.15; No. 22, \$1.10; No. 23, \$1.05; No. 24, \$1.00; No. 25, \$0.95; No. 26, \$0.90; No. 27, \$0.85; No. 28, \$0.80; No. 29, \$0.75; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.65; No. 32, \$0.60; No. 33, \$0.55; No. 34, \$0.50; No. 35, \$0.45; No. 36, \$0.40; No. 37, \$0.35; No. 38, \$0.30; No. 39, \$0.25; No. 40, \$0.20; No. 41, \$0.15; No. 42, \$0.10; No. 43, \$0.05; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00; No. 51, \$0.00; No. 52, \$0.00; No. 53, \$0.00; No. 54, \$0.00; No. 55, \$0.00; No. 56, \$0.00; No. 57, \$0.00; No. 58, \$0.00; No. 59, \$0.00; No. 60, \$0.00; No. 61, \$0.00; No. 62, \$0.00; No. 63, \$0.00; No. 64, \$0.00; No. 65, \$0.00; No. 66, \$0.00; No. 67, \$0.00; No. 68, \$0.00; No. 69, \$0.00; No. 70, \$0.00; No. 71, \$0.00; No. 72, \$0.00; No. 73, \$0.00; No. 74, \$0.00; No. 75, \$0.00; No. 76, \$0.00; No. 77, \$0.00; No. 78, \$0.00; No. 79, \$0.00; No. 80, \$0.00; No. 81, \$0.00; No. 82, \$0.00; No. 83, \$0.00; No. 84, \$0.00; No. 85, \$0.00; No. 86, \$0.00; No. 87, \$0.00; No. 88, \$0.00; No. 89, \$0.00; No. 90, \$0.00; No. 91, \$0.00; No. 92, \$0.00; No. 93, \$0.00; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00; No. 101, \$0.00; No. 102, \$0.00; No. 103, \$0.00; No. 104, \$0.00; No. 105, \$0.00; No. 106, \$0.00; No. 107, \$0.00; No. 108, \$0.00; No. 109, \$0.00; No. 110, \$0.00; No. 111, \$0.00; No. 112, \$0.00; No. 113, \$0.00; No. 114, \$0.00; No. 115, \$0.00; No. 116, \$0.00; No. 117, \$0.00; No. 118, \$0.00; No. 119, \$0.00; No. 120, \$0.00; No. 121, \$0.00; No. 122, \$0.00; No. 123, \$0.00; No. 124, \$0.00; No. 125, \$0.00; No. 126, \$0.00; No. 127, \$0.00; No. 128, \$0.00; No. 129, \$0.00; No. 130, \$0.00; No. 131, \$0.00; No. 132, \$0.00; No. 133, \$0.00; No. 134, \$0.00; No. 135, \$0.00; No. 136, \$0.00; No. 137, \$0.00; No. 138, \$0.00; No. 139, \$0.00; No. 140, \$0.00; No. 141, \$0.00; No. 142, \$0.00; No. 143, \$0.00; No. 144, \$0.00; No. 145, \$0.00; No. 146, \$0.00; No. 147, \$0.00; No. 148, \$0.00; No. 149, \$0.00; No. 150, \$0.00; No. 151, \$0.00; No. 152, \$0.00; No. 153, \$0.00; No. 154, \$0.00; No. 155, \$0.00; No. 156, \$0.00; No. 157, \$0.00; No. 158, \$0.00; No. 159, \$0.00; No. 160, \$0.00; No. 161, \$0.00; No. 162, \$0.00; No. 163, \$0.00; No. 164, \$0.00; No. 165, \$0.00; No. 166, \$0.00; No. 167, \$0.00; No. 168, \$0.00; No. 169, \$0.00; No. 170, \$0.00; No. 171, \$0.00; No. 172, \$0.00; No. 173, \$0.00; No. 174, \$0.00; No. 175, \$0.00; No. 176, \$0.00; No. 177, \$0.00; No. 178, \$0.00; No. 179, \$0.00; No. 180, \$0.00; No. 181, \$0.00; No. 182, \$0.00; No. 183, \$0.00; No. 184, \$0.00; No. 185, \$0.